

Gina Project – Detailed view

By Bill Weis

Gina - ALS

Requirements:

1. Be able to voice control her Drive Competitor II bed.
2. Be able to use the 'Drop-In' feature to call her caregiver
3. Be able to voice control her WiseLift chair

Solution – High Level:

1. We designed a microcontroller based solution to allow Gina to use voice commands for her Drive Competitor II bed.
2. We configured two Amazon Echo Dots for the Drop-In feature
3. We provided a microcontroller based solution to give Gina the ability to use voice commands to control certain features of her WiseLift chair.

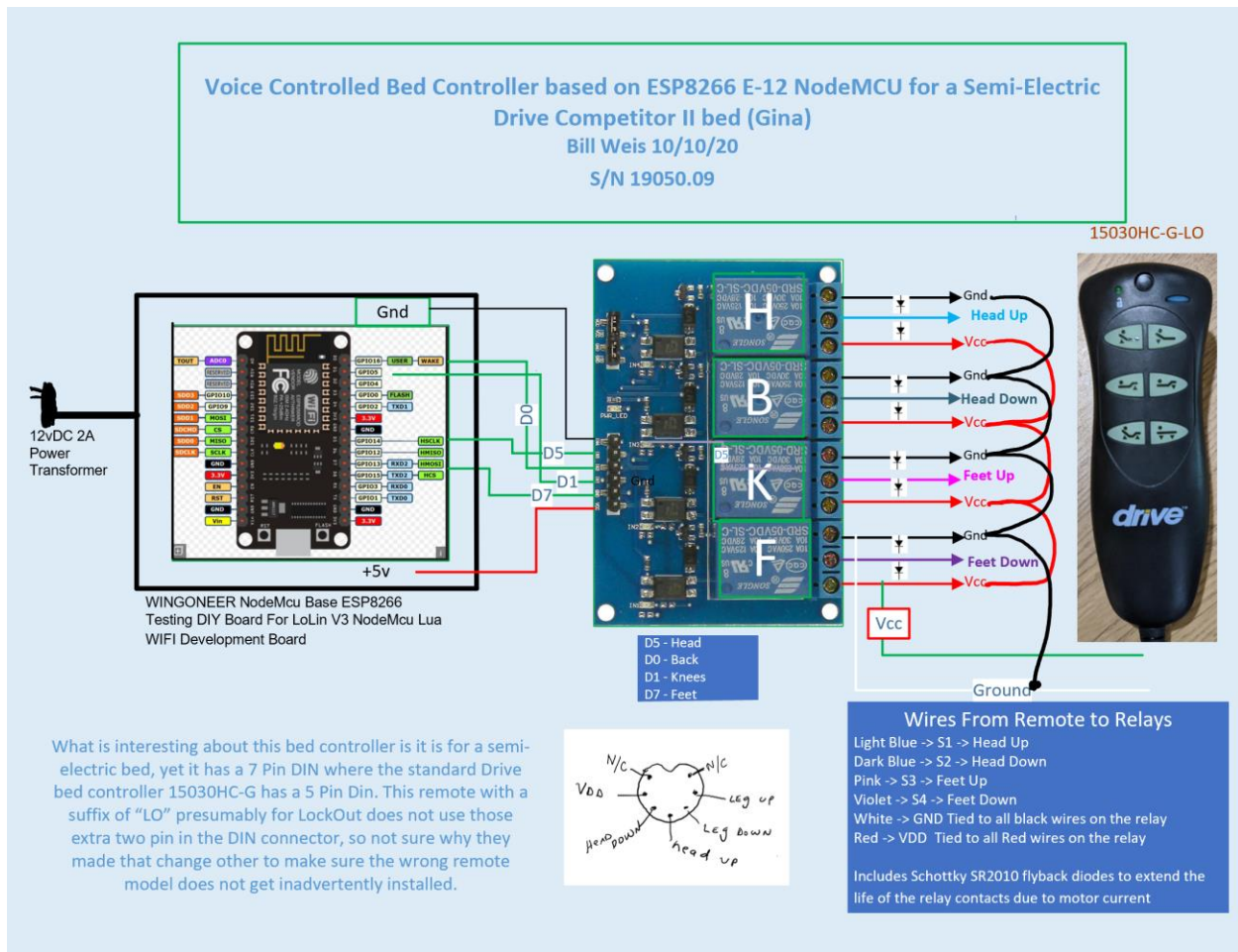
Details of the Solution

1 – Voice Control her bed – Gina has a Drive Competitor II bed that has a 15030HC-G-LO hand remote that is hard wired. She wanted the 4 buttons (head up, head down, legs up, legs down) on the remote to be voice activated. The design of this bed control does not lend itself to being able to have a backup means of controlling the bed by hand in the event of internet downtime or other failures. This means that in cases where the bed cannot be controlled through the use of the voice activated bed controller for whatever reason, it will be necessary to unplug the bed controller and plug in the original handheld controller. What is interesting about this particular model is the fact the hand remote has a lockout button and unlike the 15030HC-G which we are very much accustomed to seeing has a 5 pin DIN connector. This hand remote has a 7 pin DIN, although the 2 extra pins are not connected to any wire. In our solution I used the 7 pin DIN cable from the full electric Drive remote (15033HC-G). It should be noted that it took extra force to seat this 7 pin DIN into the bed. More force than the original hand remote. Normally I would have purchased the exact remote to be used as part of the solution, but they are on backorder for several months due to the impact of Covid.

The voice activated bed controller uses mechanical relays with Schottky SR2010 flyback diodes offering protection to the contacts on those relays.

Gina's bed can be controlled by both an Amazon Echo and a Google Mini for added redundancy.

Here is a Visio diagram of the solution.

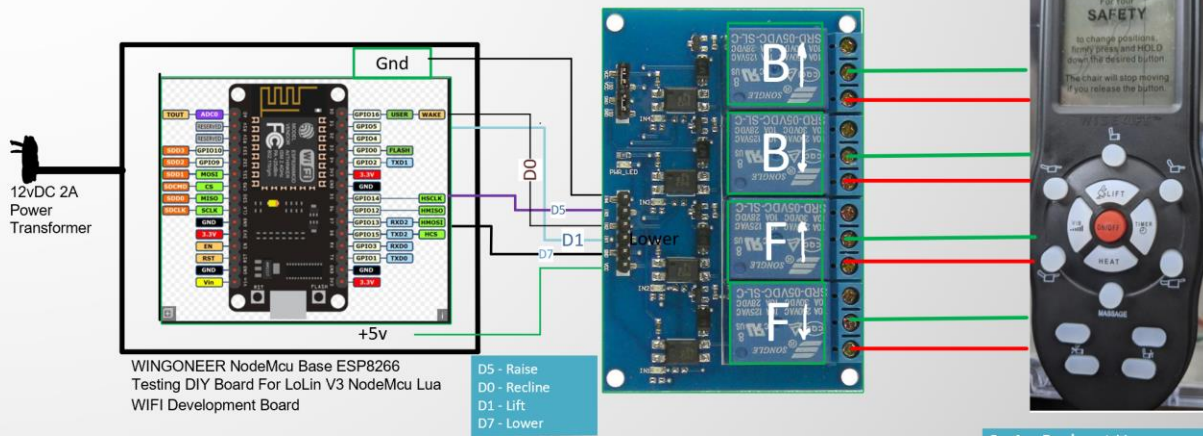


2 - Use the Drop in Feature - We configured two Amazon Echo Dots appropriately so they could be used for Drop-In (Which is a handy intercom like feature allowing in this case Gina to contact her caregiver who might be at the other end of the house).

3 – Provide a voice activated solution for Gina’s WiseLift chair – Gina asked that we voice enable some of the features of her WiseLift chair. The WiseLift chair has a wired remote with an 8 pin DIN connecting to a control box in the chair. I put a logic analyzer on the TX pin from the hand remote and noticed there are continuous packets being transmitted to the control box in the chair. The remote also appears to determine position without feedback from the linear actuators. Furthermore, the packets for heat/massage are continuously transmitted for 10 minutes, so doing this programmatically would be difficult with the ESP8266. In the end, I decided to give them the best of both worlds. The caregiver can activate the major buttons on the hand remote manually, while the relays in our voice activated controller take control of the 4 lower buttons. As a result Gina can use voice commands for incremental changes to the backrest and footrest position, which is what she needs to maintain comfort. She will issue upwards of 100 voice commands per day to maintain comfort.

Here is a Visio diagram of the solution.

Voice Controlled Bed Controller for Gina's WiseLift chair. Mechanical relays
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The WiseLift chair has a wired remote with a 8 pin DIN connecting to a control box in the chair. I put a logic analyzer on the TX from the hand remote and noticed there are continuous packets being transmitted. The remote also appears to determine position without feedback from the linear actuators. Also, the packets for heat/massage are continuously transmitted for 10 minutes, so doing this programmatically would be difficult with the ESP8266. In the end, I decided to give them the best of both worlds. The caregiver can activate the major buttons manually, while our relays take control of the 4 lower buttons so Gina can use voice commands for incremental changes to the position, which is what she needs to maintain comfort. She will issue upwards of 100 voice commands per day to maintain comfort.

Resources

[Amazon Echo](#)

[Alexa Support](#) (Contact Support via the Amazon Alexa app - can have them call your number)

[Google Home getting started](#)

[Google Home Help Forum](#)

[Google Home Support](#) Phone number for Google Home hardware support = 855-971-9121 (24/7 days a week)

[Logitech Harmony Knowledge Base](#)

[Logitech Harmony Support](#) Phone # for Support = 866-601-5644 (M-F 8am to 6pm PST)

[Lifx](#)

[Wemo Support](#) Phone number for Support = 1-844-745-wemo (9366)

inside the bed controller box. The drawing on the following page shows the voice activated bed controller, solid state relays and the remote.

